THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI BALRAM JAKHAR): (a) The actual and per capita milk production during 1990-91 and 1994-95 was as under:—

Year	Actual milk production (in million tonnes)	Per capita milk production (gms/head/day)
1990-91	53.9	176
1994-95 (Provisional)	63.1	191

(b) Besides various State Schemes for the development of cattle and buffalo, some Central Sector/Centrally Sponsored Schemes in the areas of genetic improvements, feed and fodder and health cover are being implemented for enhancement of milk production.

(c) As per the nutritional requirement of 220 grams per head per day the total requirement of milk during 1994-95 was 73.9 million tonnes as against the estimated milk production of 63.1 (provisional) million tonnes.

Setting up of Plastic technology training and service centres

*740. MAULANA OBAIDULLAH KHAN AZMI:
SHRI SANJAY DALMIA:

Will the Minister of CHEMICALS & FERTILIZERS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government propose to set up plastic technology training and service centres in Uttar Pradesh;

(b) if so, the locations thereof; and

(c) the time by which these centres are likely to be set up?

THE MINISTER OF CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS (SHRI RAM LAKHAN SINGH YADAV): (a) to (c) The Central Institute of Plastic Engineering & Technology (CIPET), an organisation under the Ministry of Chemicals and Fertilizers (Department of Chemicals & Petro-chemicals) was established in 1968 at Madras with the basic objective of imparting training in the field of mould making, mould designing, testing and characterization of plastics, plastic processing, plastic engineering, etc. besides rendering technical services to plastics industry. Keeping in view the growing needs of plastic industries all over the country, the centres of CIPET (including a training centre at Patna and a service centre at Goa) were established at different places over a period of time. One of the centres of CIPET is located at Lucknow in Uttar Pradesh. As the existing centre at Lucknow is looking after the requirement of the Plastic and its allied industries in U.P., there is presently no proposal to set up any additional centre of CIPET in U.P.

Financial assistance to madhya Pradesh for Agrcultural Loans

7403. SHRI DILIP SINGH JUDEV: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) the amount of financial assistance given to madhya Pradesh for providning agriculture loans to farmers during 1991-92, 1992-93 and 1993-94 district-wise; and

(b) the details of assistance proposed to be provided for this purpose during the remaining period of the Eighth Five Year Plan?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI ARVIND NETAM): (a) Central Government was providing short-term loans to State Governments for Kharif and Rabi seasons separately every year till Kharif 1993 to help them purchase agricultural inputs namely fertilisers, seeds and pesticides and make them available to farmers in time. These loans were given to State Governments and no district-wise allocations were made.

Short-term loan amount allocated to Madhya Pradesh during the years 1991-92 to 1993-94 is given below:—

Year	(Rs. Crores)
1991-92	18.25
1992-93	20.55
1993-94	10.77 (For Kharif 1993 only)

(b) Short-term loans to the States have been discontinued from Rabi 1993-94.

Research Cantres in Madhya Pradesh

7404. SHRI DILIP SINGH JUDEV: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) the names of the research councils/ research centres and projects set up in Madhya Pradesh under the Indian Council of Agriculture Research location-wise and district-wise and the objectives thereof;

(b) the amount spent on the said centres and projects separately during the last three years; and

(c) the impact of research works on agriculture production?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI S. KRISHNA KUMAR): (a) and (b) The names of ICAR Institutes, Projects and their Centres operating in MP alongwith their locations and expenditure during last 3 years is given in Annexure [*Vide* Appendix 173, Annexure No. 159].

The objectives of these research centres are highlighted in the enclosed statement I (*See* below)

(c) The research undertaken at these centres helped in development of promising varieties of food grains and horticultural crops, oilseeds, cotton as also production technology. The salient findings are given in the enclosed state-ment-II.

Statement-I

Objectives of ICAR Institutes, All India Coordinated Research Projects and other Projects / Centres

I. ICAR INSTITUTES AND THEIR CENTRES

Crop based institutes like National Research Centre on Soybean, Indore conduct basic and strategic research and develop technology appropriate to the Crops. The institute serves as an information bank and extend consultancy service and expertise.

Resource Management Based institutes viz. Indian Institute of Soil Science Bhopal, Central institute of Agricultural Engineering, Bhopal, National Research Centres on Weed Science Jabalpur objectives are:

(i) To undertake basic and strategic research in the areas of soil science, weed control and agricultural engineering etc.

(ii) To act as repository of knowledge in the respective areas to provide scientific leadership.

(iii) To train personnels in the new technques and technologies.

(iv) Extend consultancy service and expertise.

Research centres of fisheries institutes of the ICAR in Madhya Pradesh have the objective of training and demonstration of seed production technologies of freshwater aquaculture.

II. RESEARCH PROJECTS AND THEIR CENTRES

(i) Test and evaluate technologies and identify their suitability for the region.

(ii) Take-up site and situation specific research in the crops and resource management.

(iii) Indentify varieties of food grains, horticultural and other crops for suitability in the area.

(iv) Transfer research results and technologies to State Departments and user agencies for adoption.